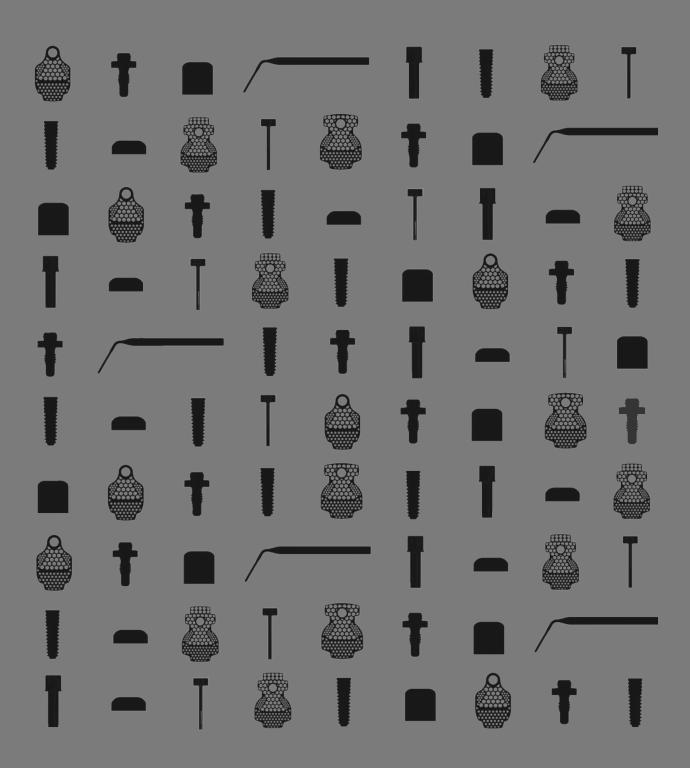
www.hiossen.com

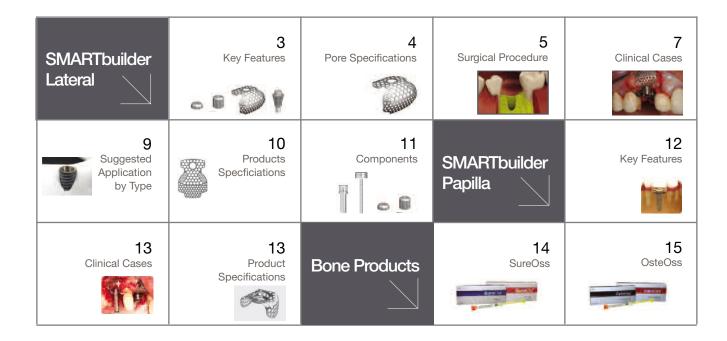
SMARTbuilder







Contents hiossen implant





SMARTbuilder is a titanium mesh membrane that provides space maintenance necessary for bone augmentation of alveolar bone defects.

- **SMARTbuilder Lateral** is ideal for simple socket extractions, fenestrations and dehiscence cases that require horizontal and/or vertical bone augmentation of the alveolar ridge.
- **SMARTbuilder Papilla** is used to enhance vertical bone augmentation of the alveolar bone up to 1.5mm, restoring the papilla height for esthetically sensitive cases.



SMART Design

Smooth edges and preformed shape minimize potential exposure through soft tissue.



Healing Cap



SMART Coverage

Enhances space-maintaining properties, providing stable coverage and securing bone material in place.

SMART Protection

Rigid semi-dome shape withstands deformative forces – preventing membrane collapse into the bone graft. SMARTbuilder directly connects to the implant for a sold attachment.

SMART Application

Optimal preformed shape eliminates the need to additional modifications. No bending and cutting necessary, and no need for tacks!

SMART Healing

Optimized pore patterns allow for diffusion of fluids and growth factors, while creating a barrier for cell occlusions between soft and hard tissue.

SMARTbuilder Lateral



SMARTbuilder Papilla





Implant

Ø1.0 pores provide optimal diffusion of blood supply and growth factors for the promotion of healing and bone regeneration*

Side perforations maintain mechanical strength, while also allowing flexibility for shaping & modification.

> Ø0.6 pores prevent shifting or migration of bone grafting material while allowing for blood supply diffusion.

Membrane Type	Regeneration Area (mm ²)	Soft Tissue Ingrowth (mm ²)	MAR (Mineral Apposition Rate)
Macro-mesh with Ø1.2 pores	66.26 <u>+</u> 13.78	16.96	1.09µm/day5
Micro-mesh with Ø0.6 pores	52.82 <u>+</u> 24.75	22.29	-
Resorbable-mesh with Ø1.0 pores	46.76 <u>+</u> 21.22	23.47	2.41µm/day2
Without pores	29.80 <u>+</u> 9.35	9.41	-

*The role of barrier membranes for guided bone regeneration and restoration of large bone defects: current experimental and clinical evidence. Rozali Dimitriou, George L Mataliotakis, Giorgio Maria Calori and Peter V Giannoudis Journal of Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery

Volume 67 Issue 6, Pages 1218-1225, June 2009

Surgical Procedure

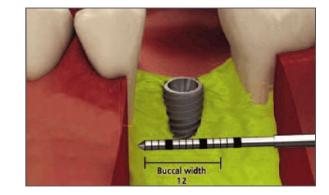
2. Place implant

1. Uncover and inspect defective area





3. Measure defect to determine the appropriate SMARTbuilder shape and size



4. Using 1.2 Hex driver, apply height connector to the fixture with 5~8Ncm





Surgical Procedure

5. Deliver bone graft material to the site

6. Connect SMARTbuilder to the height connector and confirm fit. If necessary, modify membrane to securely enclose the graft area

8. Carefully replace gingival flap and

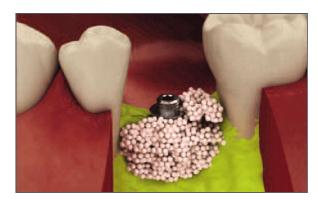
with 5~8Ncm

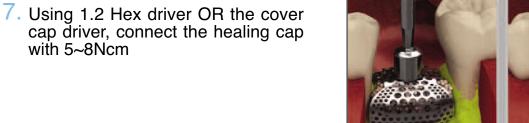
suture





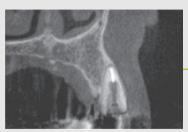






Clinical Cases

Case 1



Pre-op CT (#11)



Bone regeneration

Case photos courtesy of Dr. Oh, Sang-yoon, Acro Dental Clinic



Dehiscence of buccal bone



1 year Post-op CT (#11)



Final prosthesis

Case 2



Labial bone deficiency



2 month follow up (3D CT) Case photos courtesy of Dr. Oh, Sang-yoon, Acro Dental Clinic



Bone grafting material



Bone regeneration



Application of SB2



Final prosthesis



Clinical Cases

Case 3



Pre-op intraoral view



Application of SB2T2



Atrophic ridge



Bone regeneration



Bone grafting



Provisional crown (1 month)

Case photos courtesy of Dr. Oh, Sang-yoon, Acro Dental Clinic



Case 4



Horizontal & vertical deficiencies



Post-op CT (#7)



Bone grafting



Post-op CT (#8)

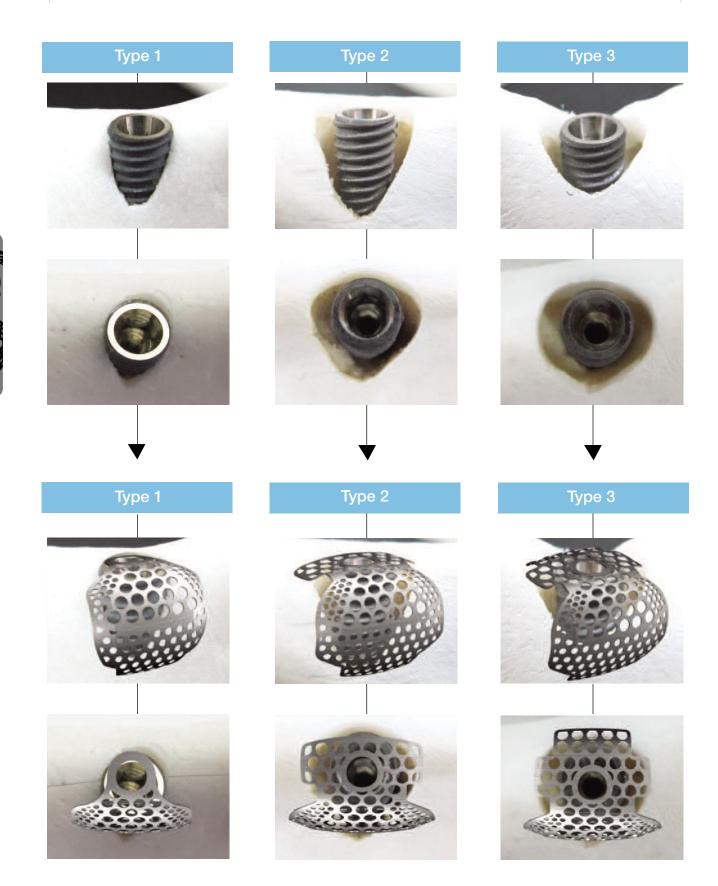


Application of SBT3



4 month follow up Case photos courtesy of Dr. Oh, Sang-yoon, Acro Dental Clinic

Suggested Application by Type



Product Specifications

Cleasification	SMARTbuilder Lateral [SB2]		Р	BW	BL	BD	
Classification	3D	2D	(Proximal)	(Buccal width)	(Buccal Length)	(Buccal Distance)	Code
		Q	4	8	7	5.5	SM1W487SB
1 Wall			4	10	7	5.5	SM1W4107SB
	J.		4	10	9	5.5	SM1W4109SB
			7	9	7	5.5	SM2W797SB
2 Wall	Care of the second seco		7	9	9	5.5	SM2W799SB
(Buccal- Proximal)			10	12	7	5.5	SM2W10127SB
	5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 -		10	12	9	5.5	SM2W10129SB
			12	12	7	5.5	SM2W12127SB
			12	12	9	5.5	SM2W12129SB
			5	9	7	5.5	SM2W597SE
2 Wall	\frown		5	9	9	5.5	SM2W599SE
(Buccal- Lingual)			6	12	7	5.5	SM2W6127SE
	11		6	12	9	5.5	SM2W6129SE
STREET.			7	12	7	5.5	SM2W7127SE
			7	12	9	5.5	SM2W7129SE
			7	9	7	5.5	SM3W797SB
3 Wall			7	9	9	5.5	SM3W799SB
			10	12	7	5.5	SM3W10127SB
			10	12	9	5.5	SM3W10129SB
		12	12	7	5.5	SM3W12127SB	
		12	12	9	5.5	SM3W12129SB	



Components



Healing Cap



Cover Cap



		Regular				
D	iameter	Ø4.0	Ø5.0			
leight mm)	3.0	SMHA443	SMHA553R			
Щ. Н	4.0	SMHA444R	SMHA554R			

		Regular
Diameter		Ø4.0
Height (mm)	0.5	SMCC415

Height Connector



		Mini	Regular		
Diameter		Ø3.5	Ø4.0		
(u	0.5	SMHI305TSM	SMHI405TSR		
t (mr	1.0	SMHI310TSM	SMHI410TSR		
eight	1.5	SMHI315TSM	SMHI415TSR		
al H	2.0	SMHI320TSM	SMHI420TSR		
Gingival Height (mm)	2.5	SMHI325TSM	SMHI425TSR		
Ū	3.0	SMHI330TSM	SMHI430TSR		

Cover Cap Driver Set

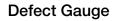


Long (23mm)SMCDESShort (18mm)SMCDESS

Code	SMDG

- Measures bone defect size

- Markers : Standard lines are 1mm increments Bold lines are 5mm increments





Papilla Shape Restoration SB1 Papilla is pre-formed to mimic the shape of a normal papilla

2. No Trimming or Bending

•SB1's pre-formed 3D design does not required any modifications

·Available in a variety of sizes to fit most clinical case

- 3. No Mesh Exposure

 Pre-formed 3D design with smooth edges and free of "wrinkles"
 - •Securely fixated to an implant via a height connector and cover cap

4. Excellent Bone Regeneration

•1.0mm pores throughout the membrane allow for adequate blood supply vital for bone regeneration

5. Easy Primary Closure

•The cover cap is flush with the membrane, therefore simple and easy primary closure is possible







Current Surgical Technique



The papilla at the surgical site is lower, creating an unfavorable esthetic result

Papilla Builder Technique



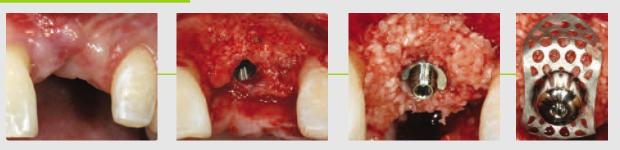
SB1 is applied, alveolar ridge is augmented and the papilla is elevated

Better Esthetic Restoration



Papilla is elevated to the proper height, which allows for a esthetically pleasing restoration

Case 1



This case shows the SB1 being utilized after standard GBR treatment was unsuccessful in regenerating enough bone, vertically. After application of the SB1 with additional bone grafting material, bone volume increased and elevated the papilla.

Photos courtesy of Dr. S.Y. Oh, D.D.S, , Acro Dental Clinic

Case 2



Immediate placement of implants in freshly extracted sockets •SB1 with bone grafting material is applied •Temporary restoration (performed in 1 day)

Photos courtesy of Dr. I.J. Lim, D.D.S, Kwang-myung Jae-il Dental Clinic

SMARTbuilder Papilla [SB1]	P (Proximal)	LD (Lingual Distance)	BL (Buccal Length)	BD (Buccal Distance)	Code
	7	5	3	5	SB1P73A
	7	5	5	5	SB1P75A
	10	5.5	3	5.5	SB1P103A
	10	5.5	5	5.5	SB1P105A
	12	6.5	3	6.5	SB1P123A
	12	6.5	5	6.5	SB1P125A





-Dr. S.Y. Oh, D.D.S., Arco Dental Clinic

-Dr. K.D. Jung, D.D.S., Busan Changing Smiles Dental Clinic



SMARTbuilder SYSTEM



85 Ben Fairless Drive Fairless Hills, PA 19030 TEL: 1-888-678-0001 FAX: 1-267-759-7004 www.hiossen.com